# Medical Drug Clinical Criteria

Subject: Bendamustine agents

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### Overview

This document addresses the use of bendamustine agents (Bendeka, Treanda, Belrapzo). Bendamustine is an alkylating agent primarily used to treat types of blood cancers such as leukemias and lymphomas.

The FDA approved indications for bendamustine include first line treatment of chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) as well as indolent B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL) that has progressed on treatment including rituximab. Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) and small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) are different manifestations of the same disease and are managed in much the same way.

The National Comprehensive Cancer Network® (NCCN) provides additional recommendations with a category 2A level of evidence for the use of bendamustine. These recommendations include the use alone or in combination for previously treated multiple myeloma for relapse or progressive disease; as well as second-line, subsequent, or palliative therapy for classic Hodgkin lymphoma. NCCN also recommends bendamustine alone or in combination for primary, previously treated, progressive, or relapsed waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia. Bendamustine is recommended by NCCN for other types of non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL) which is a group of blood cancers that includes all types of lymphoma except Hodgkin's lymphoma. NCCN recommends bendamustine in the following types of NHL:

- B-Cell lymphomas:
  - AIDS-related B-cell lymphoma
  - Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma
  - Follicular lymphoma
  - Gastric MÁLT lymphoma
  - High-Grade B-Cell Lymphomas
  - Mantle cell lymphoma
  - Nodal marginal zone lymphoma
  - Nongastric MALT lymphoma
  - Post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorders
  - Splenic marginal zone lymphoma
- T-Cell lymphomas:
  - Adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma
  - Peripheral T-cell lymphomas
  - Breast Implant-associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (ALCL)
  - Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma

# **Definitions and Measures**

Multiple myeloma: A type of cancer that begins in plasma cells (white blood cells that produce antibodies).

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma (NHL): A heterogeneous group of lymphoproliferative disorders originating from B lymphocytes, T lymphocytes, or natural killer (NK) cells.

Refractory Disease: Illness or disease that does not respond to treatment.

Relapse or recurrence: After a period of improvement, during which time a disease (for example, cancer) could not be detected, the return of signs and symptoms of illness or disease. For cancer, it may come back to the same place as the original (primary) tumor or to another place in the body.

# **Clinical Criteria**

When a drug is being reviewed for coverage under a member's medical benefit plan or is otherwise subject to clinical review (including prior authorization), the following criteria will be used to determine whether the drug meets any applicable medical necessity requirements for the intended/prescribed purpose.

#### Bendamustine Agents (Belrapzo, Bendeka, Treanda, Belrapzo, Vivimusta)

Requests for bendamustine agents (Belrapzo, Bendeka, Treanda, Belrapzo Vivimusta) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- Individual has a diagnosis of one of the following:
  - Chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma (CLL/SLL); OR
  - Relapsed or refractory classical Hodgkin lymphoma (NCCN 2A); OR
  - Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL); OR
  - Relapsed or progressive Multiple myeloma (NCCN 2A); OR D.
  - E. Relapsed or refractory systemic light chain amyloidosis; OR
  - Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia (NCCN 2A); OR F. \_\_Waldenstrom's macroground in the line is a constant of the line i

Requests for bendamustine agents (Belrapzo, Bendeka, Treanda, Belrapzo Vivimusta) may not be approved for the following:

- Treatment of metastatic breast cancer; OR
- Treatment of small cell lung cancer (SCLC); OR 11.
- When the above criteria are not met and for all other indications. III.

# Coding

The following codes for treatments and procedures applicable to this document are included below for informational purposes. Inclusion or exclusion of a procedure, diagnosis or device code(s) does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement policy. Please refer to the member's contract benefits in effect at the time of service to determine coverage or non-coverage of these services as it applies to an individual member.

#### **HCPCS**

J9036 Injection, bendamustine HCL (Belrapzo), 1mg (Effective 7/1/2019)

J9033 Injection, bendamustine HCL (Treanda), 1 mg .19034 Injection, bendamustine HCL (Bendeka), 1 mg

J9999 Not otherwise classified, antineoplastic drugs (when specified as [Vivimusta]))

# ICD-10 Diagnosis

C81.10-C81.99 Classical/unspecified Hodgkin lymphoma

C82.00-C86.6 Non-Hodgkin lymphoma

C88.0 Waldenström's macroglobulinemia

Extranodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma of mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue [MALT-lymphoma] C88 4

C90.00-C90.32 Multiple myeloma and malignant plasma cell neoplasms

C91.10-C91.12 Chronic lymphocytic leukemia of B-cell type

C91.50-C91.52 Adult T-cell lymphoma/leukemia (HTLV-1 associated)

E85.81 Light chain (AL) amyloidosis

### **Document History**

# Revised: 02/24/2023

Document History

- 02/24/2023 Annual Review: Update criteria to include new brand agent Vivimusta and to include use in cold agglutinin disease. Coding Reviewed: Added HCPCS J9999.
- 05/20/2022 Annual Review: Update criteria to include systemic light chain amyloidosis per NCCN; update multiple myeloma to include relapsed or progressive disease per NCCN. Coding Reviewed: Added ICD-10-CM-PCS E85.81.
- 05/21/2021 Annual Review: No changes. Coding Reviewed: No changes.
- 05/15/2020 Annual Review: No changes. Coding Review: No changes

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05/17/2019 - Annual Review: First review of bendamustine clinical criteria. Clarify use in CLL which includes SLL as well. Move list of examples of non-Hodgkin lymphoma to overview section. Wording and formatting updates. Coding Reviewed: No changes currently. Effective 7/1/2019 HCPCS Code J9036 for BELRAPZO, Remove C9042, and J9999 temporary HCPCS codes.

# References

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- DrugPoints® System [electronic version]. Truven Health Analytics, Greenwood Village, CO. Updated periodically.

  Jager U, Barcellini W, Broome C, et al. Diagnosis and treatment of autoimmune hemolytic anemia in adults: Recommendations from the first International Consensus meeting. Blood Rev. 2020; 41:100648.
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- NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology™. © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. For additional a. Chronic Lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma. V1.2023. Revised August 30, 2022.
   b. B-Cell Lymphomas. V5.2022. Revised July 12, 2022.
   c. T-Cell Lymphomas. V2.2022. Revised March 7, 2022.

  - Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma. V1.2023. Revised July 6, 2022.
  - Multiple Myeloma. V3.2023. Revised December 8, 2022.
  - Hodgkin Lymphoma. V2.2023. Revised November 8, 2022.
  - Pediatric Hodgkin Lymphoma. V1.2022. Revised April 8, 2022.

  - Systemic Light Chain Amyloidosis. V2.2023. Revised November 28, 2022. Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation (HCT). V2.2022. Revised September 28, 2022.

Federal and state laws or requirements, contract language, and Plan utilization management programs or polices may take precedence over the application of this clinical criteria.

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