

## Clinical Policy: Ranibizumab (Byooviz, Cimerli, Lucentis, Susvimo)

Reference Number: LA.PHAR.186

Effective Date: 10.05.23

Last Review Date: <u>04.28.25</u><del>10.10.24</del>

Line of Business: Medicaid

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

\*\*Please note: This policy is for medical benefit\*\*

#### Description

Ranibizumab (Lucentis®, Susvimo $^{\text{IM}}$ ), ranibizumab-nuna (Byooviz®), and ranibizumab-eqrn (Cimerli $^{\text{IM}}$ ) are vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitors.

### FDA Approved Indication(s)

Byooviz is indicated for the treatment of:

- Neovascular (wet) age-related macular degeneration (AMD)
- Macular edema following retinal vein occlusion (RVO)
- Myopic choroidal neovascularization (mCNV)

Lucentis and Cimerli are indicated for the treatment of:

- Neovascular (wet) AMD
- Macular edema following RVO
- Diabetic macular edema (DME)
- Diabetic retinopathy (DR)
- mCNV

Susvimo is indicated for the treatment of patients with neovascular (wet) AMD who have previously responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor.

Indication	Lucentis	Cimerli	Byooviz	Susvimo
Neovascular (wet) agerelated macular degeneration (nAMD)	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	X (who have previously responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication)
Macular edema following retinal vein occlusion (RVO)	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	=
Myopic choroidal neovascularization (mCNV)	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	=
Diabetic macular edema (DME)	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	=	X (who have previously responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication)

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<u>Indication</u>	Lucentis	<u>Cimerli</u>	Byooviz	<u>Susvimo</u>
Diabetic retinopathy (DR)	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	Ξ	-1

#### Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections that Byooviz, Cimerli, Lucentis, and Susvimo are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

### I. Initial Approval Criteria

## A. Ophthalmic Disease Other Than Diabetic Macular Edema and Diabetic

**Retinopathy** (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of one of the following (a, b, or c):\*

\*For DME and DR see section I.B. below

a. Neovascular (wet) AMD;

#### a. nAMD;

- b. Macular edema following RVO;
- c. mCNV;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an ophthalmologist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- Failure of bevacizumab intravitreal solution, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;

\*Prior authorization may be required for bevacizumab intravitreal solution. Requests for IV formulations of Avastin, Mvasi, and Zirabev will not be approved

- 5. If request is for Susvimo, member meets both of the following (a and b):
  - Member has previously responded to at least 2 intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor (e.g., intravitreal bevazicumab);
  - b. Request is for the treatment of neovascular (wet) AMDnAMD;
- 6. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
  - a. For RVO or mCNV: 0.5 mg (1 vial/syringe) per month;
  - b. For AMDnAMD, either i or ii:
    - If request is for Byooviz, Cimerli, or Lucentis: 0.5 mg (1 vial/syringe) per month;
    - ii. If request is for Susvimo: 2 mg (one 100 mg/mL vial) per 6 months.

### **Approval duration:**

mCNV: 3 months

All other indications: 6 months

## B. Diabetic Macular Edema, Diabetic Retinopathy (must meet all):

- 1. Request is for Cimerli-or, Lucentis, or Susvimo;
- 2. Diagnosis of one of the following (a or b):
  - a. DME;
  - b. DR;
- 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an ophthalmologist;

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- 4. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- Failure of bevacizumab intravitreal solution, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
  - \*Prior authorization may be required for bevacizumab intravitreal solution. Requests for IV formulations of Avastin, Mvasi, and Zirabev will not be approved
- 6. If request is for Susvimo, member meets both of the following (a and b):
  - <u>a.</u> Member has previously responded to at least 2 intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor (e.g., intravitreal bevazicumab);
  - b. Request is for the treatment of DME;
- 7. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
  - 6.a. If request is for Cimerli or Lucentis: 0.3 mg (1 vial/syringe) per month;
  - b. If request is for Susvimo: 2 mg (one 100 mg/mL vial) per 6 months.

#### **Approval duration: 6 months**

#### **C. Other diagnoses/indications** (must meet 1 or 2):

- If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255
- If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53.

## **II. Continued Therapy**

- A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):
  - a. 1. Currently receiving medication via Louisiana Healthcare Connections benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
  - 2. 2. Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by one of the following
    - (a, b, c, or d):
    - a. Detained neovascularization;
    - b. Improvement in visual acuity;
    - c. Maintenance of corrected visual acuity from prior treatment;
    - d. Supportive findings from optical coherence tomography or fluorescein angiography;
  - 3. 3.—If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a,

b, <u>c,</u> or <u>ed</u>):

- a. For DME, either i or DRii:
  - a.i. If request is for Cimerli or Lucentis: 0.3 (1 vial/syringe) mg per month;
  - ii. If request is for Susvimo: 100 mg (1 vial) per 6 months;
- b. For DR: 0.3 (1 vial/syringe) mg per month;
- b.c. For RVO or mCNV: 0.5 mg (1 vial/syringe) per month;
- e.d. For AMDnAMD, either i or ii:
  - If request is for Byooviz, Cimerli, or Lucentis: 0.5 mg (1 vial/syringe) per month:
  - ii. If request is for Susvimo: 2 mg (one 100 mg/mL vial) per 6 months.

### **Approval duration:**

mCNV: 3 months

All other indications: 6 months

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#### **B. Other diagnoses/indications** (must meet 1 or 2):

- If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53

## III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy LA.PMN.53 for Medicaid, or evidence of coverage documents.

#### IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key AMD: age related macular degeneration DME: diabetic macular edema

DR: diabetic retinopathy

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

mCNV: myopic choroidal neovascularization

nAMD: neovascular (wet) age-related macular degeneration

RVO: retinal vein occlusion

VEGF: vascular endothelial growth factor

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Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/	
		<b>Maximum Dose</b>	
Bevacizumab	Neovascular (wet) AMD::	<del>2.5</del> 1.25	
(Avastin®)	1.25 to 2.5 mg administered by intravitreal injection every 4 weeks	mg/month	
	Neovascular glaucoma:	1.25 mg/month	
	1.25 mg administered by intravitreal injection every 4 weeks		
	Macular edema secondary to RVO:	<del>2.5</del> 1.25	
	1-mg to 2.5.25 mg administered by intravitreal	mg/month	
	injection every 4 weeks		
	DR <u>÷²:</u>	1.25 mg/6 weeks	
	1.25 mg administered by intravitreal injection every 6		
	weeks		
	DME <u>÷<sup>†</sup>:</u>	1. <del>25</del> <u>5</u> mg/ <del>6</del>	
	1.25 to 1.5 mg administered by intravitreal injection	weeksmonth	
	every <u>64</u> weeks mCNV÷ <u>i</u> :		
		mg/month	

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Drug Name		Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
	<del>0.05 mL</del> 1.25 mg initial intravitreal injection,	
	followed by monthly evaluation for additional	
	injections as needed	

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

#### Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
  - o Byooviz, Cimerli, Lucentis, Susvimo: ocular or periocular infections; hypersensitivity
  - o Susvimo: active intraocular inflammation
- Boxed warning(s):
  - o Byooviz, Cimerli, Lucentis: none reported
  - Susvimo: associated with a 3-fold higher rate of endophthalmitis than monthly intravitreal injections of ranibizumab

#### Appendix D: General Information

- In the Comparison of AMD Treatments Trials study, the difference in mean visual acuity improvement for patients treated with Avastin compared to Lucentis was -1.4 letters (95% [CI],-3.7 to 0.8) at two years. The proportion of patients with arteriothrombotic events was similar in the Lucentis-treated patients (4.7%) compared to the Avastin-treated patients (5.0%; p=0.89). The proportion of patients with one or more systemic serious adverse events was higher with Avastin (39.9%) than Lucentis (31.7%; adjusted risk ratio, 1.30; 95% CI, 1.07-1.57; p = 0.009). Serious systemic adverse events included all-cause mortality, non-fatal stroke, non-fatal myocardial infarction, vascular death, venous thrombotic events and hypertension.
- In the ANti-VEGF Antibody for the Treatment of Predominantly Classic CHORoidal Neovascularisation in AMD (ANCHOR) trial, the number of patients that lost fewer than 15 letters at 12 months was achieved by 96.4% of patients treated with Lucentis 0.5 mg compared to 64.3% of patients treated with Visudyne (p < 0.001). Rate of intraocular inflammation was higher for patients treated with Lucentis 0.5 mg at 15% compared to Visudyne at 2.8%.
- In the VEGF Trap-Eye: Investigation of Efficacy and Safety in Wet Age-Related Macular Degeneration (VIEW)-1 trial, the difference in the number of patients who lost fewer than 15 letters at 52 weeks between Eylea every 8 weeks compared to Lucentis was 0.6% (95.1% CI -0.32, 4.4). In terms of the number of patients who gained at least 15 letters, the mean difference between Eylea every 8 weeks was 6.6% (95.1% CI -1.0, 14.1). There were no adverse events that were found to be significant from the Lucentis arm.
- In a trial comparing Eylea, Avastin and Lucentis, the Diabetic Retinopathy Clinical Research Network found in patients with diabetic macular edema that when the initial visual-acuity letter score was 78 to 69 (equivalent to approximately 20/32 to 20/40) (51% of participants), the mean improvement was 8.0 with Eylea, 7.5 with Avastin, and 8.3 with Lucentis (p > 0.50 for each pair wise comparison). When the initial letter score was less than 69 (approximately 20/50 or worse), the mean improvement was 18.9 with Eylea,



11.8 with Avastin, and 14.2 with Lucentis (p < 0.001 for Eylea vs. Avastin, p = 0.003 for Eylea vs. Lucentis, and p = 0.21 for Lucentis vs. Avastin).

## V. Dosage and Administration

Dosage and Administration							
Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose				
Ranibizumab	Neovascular	0.5 mg (0.05 mL) administered by	0.5 mg/month				
(Lucentis),	<del>(wet)</del>	intravitreal injection once a month.					
ranibizumab-	AMDnAMD						
nuna		Alternative dosing:					
(Byooviz),		Once monthly injections for three					
ranibizumab-		months followed by 4-5 doses dispersed					
eqrn		among the following 9 months; or					
(Cimerli)		treatment may be reduced to one					
		injection every 3 months after the first					
		four injections if monthly injections are					
		not feasible.					
	Macular 0.5 mg (0.05 mL) administered by		0.5 mg/month				
	edema	intravitreal injection once a month.					
	following						
	RVO						
	mCNV 0.5 mg (0.05 mL) administered by		0.5 mg/month				
		intravitreal injection once a month for					
up to 3 months. Patie retreated if needed.		up to 3 months. Patients may be					
Ranibizumab	Ranibizumab DME and 0.3 mg (0.05 mL) admit		0.3 mg/month				
(Lucentis), DR with or		intravitreal injection once a month					
Ranibizumab-	Ranibizumab-   without						
eqrn	DME						
(Cimerli)	,						
Ranibizumab	Neovascular	2 mg (0.02 mL of 100 mg/mL solution)	2 mg/6 months				
(Susvimo)	svimo) (wet) continuously delivered via the Susvimo						
AMDnAMD implant with refills every 24 weeks							
and DME (a		(approximately 6 months)					

## VI. Product Availability

•	Product Avanability						
	Drug Name	Availability					
	Ranibizumab-	Single-dose glass vial: 0.5 mg/0.05 mL					
	nuna (Byooviz)						
	Ranibizumab-	Single-dose glass vials: 0.3 mg/0.05 mL, 0.5 mg/0.05 mL					
	eqrn (Cimerli)						
	Ranibizumab	Single-use prefilled syringes: 0.3 mg/0.05 mL, 0.5 mg/0.05 mL					
	(Lucentis)	Single use glass vials: 0.3 mg/0.05 mL, 0.5 mg/0.05 mL					
Ranibizumab		Single-dose glass vial: 100 mg/mL					
	(Susvimo)						

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#### VII. References

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## **Coding Implications**

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-

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date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

remodification of covered services.			
HCPCS	Description		
Codes			
J2778	Injection, ranibizumab, 0.1 mg		
J2779	Injection, ranibizumab, via intravitreal implant (susvimo), 0.1 mg		
Q5124	Injection, ranibizumab-nuna, biosimilar, (byooviz), 0.1 mg		
O5128	Injection, ranibizumab-egrn, biosimilar (cimerli), 0.1 mg		

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	LDH
		Approval
		Date
Converted corporate to local policy	05.21	09.18.21
Converted redirection language from "must use" to "Failure of"	07.22	08.18.22
bevacizumab intravitreal solution; added Byooviz and Susvimo to		
policy; references reviewed and updated.		
Added Cimerli to to policy; added HCPCS codes for Susvimo,	06.02.23	10.05.23
Byooviz, and Cimerli. Template changes applied to other		
diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section. References		
reviewed and updated.		
Added verbiage this policy is for medical benefit only.		
No significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	05.26.24	07.29.24
Ad hoc: in intial approval criteria, separated DME and DR into a new	10.10.24	01.27.25
section and clarified request is for Cimerli or Lucentis.		
Annual review: simplified FDA approved indications to show Lucentis	04.28.25	
and Cimerli are additionally indicated from Byooviz for DME and DR;		
added quantity limit of 1 vial/syringe for Lucentis and biosimilars;		
revised Susvimo maximum dose to 100 mg (1 vial) per 6 months per		
PI; in Appendix B per Clinical Pharmacology, removed dosing for		
neovascular glaucoma, updated dosing regimens, clarified off-label		
indications; removed Lucentis single-use glass vials in Section VI per		
PI, references reviewed and updated.		

### **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. LHCC makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering



benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable LHCC administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by LHCC. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. LHCC retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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