TEMPLATE FOR CHILD HEALTH PLAN UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM
(Required under 4901 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (New section 2101(b)))
State/Territory: LOUISIANA (Name of State/Territory)
As a condition for receipt of Federal funds under Title XXI of the Social Security Act, (42 CFR 457.40(b)) /s/ Jen Steele June 26, 2018 Jen Steele, Medicaid Director, Louisiana Department of Health
submits the following Child Health Plan for the Children's Health Insurance Program and hereby agrees to administer the program in accordance with the provisions of the approved Child Health Plan, the requirements of Title XXI and XIX of the Act (as appropriate) and all applicable Federal regulations and other official issuances of the Department.
The following State officials are responsible for program administration and financial oversight (42 CFR 457.40(c)):
Name: <u>Jen Steele</u> Position/Title: <u>Medicaid Director</u> Bureau of Health Services Financing
Name: Rhett Decoteau Position/Title: Medicaid Deputy Director Bureau of Health Services Financing
*Disclosure. According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148 (CMS-10398 #34). The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 80 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, write to: CMS, 7500 Security Blvd., Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.
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Section 1.	<u>General Description and Purpose of the Children's Health Insurance Plans and the Requirements</u>
1.1.	The state will use funds provided under Title XXI primarily for (Check appropriate box) (Section 2101)(a)(1)); (42 CFR 457.70):
Guidance	: Check below if child health assistance shall be provided primarily through the development of a separate program that meets the requirements of Section 2101, which details coverage requirements and the other applicable requirements of Title XXI.
1.1.1.	Obtaining coverage that meets the requirements for a separate child health program (Sections 2101(a)(1) and 2103); OR
	: Check below if child health assistance shall be provided primarily through providing expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid program (Title XIX). Note that if this is selected the State must also submit a corresponding Medicaid SPA to CMS for review and approval.
1.1.2.	Providing expanded benefits under the State's Medicaid plan (Title XIX) (Section 2101(a)(2)); OR
Guidance	: Check below if child health assistance shall be provided through a combination of both 1.1.1. and 1.1.2. (Coverage that meets the requirements of Title XXI, in conjunction with an expansion in the State's Medicaid program). Note that if this is selected the state must also submit a corresponding Medicaid state plan amendment to CMS for review and
1.1.3. 🔀	approval. A combination of both of the above. (Section 2101(a)(2))
1.1-DS	The State will provide dental-only supplemental coverage. Only States operating a separate CHIP program are eligible for this option. States choosing this option must also complete sections 4.1-DS, 4.2-DS, 6.2-DS, 8.2-DS, and 9.10 of this SPA template. (Section 2110(b)(5))
1.2.	Check to provide an assurance that expenditures for child health assistance will not be claimed prior to the time that the State has legislative authority to operate the State plan or plan amendment as approved by CMS. (42 CFR 457.40(d))
1.3. 🖂	Check to provide an assurance that the State complies with all applicable civil rights requirements, including title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 45 CFR part 80, part 84, and part 91, and 28 CFR part 35. (42 CFR 457.130)
Guidance: incur costs to	The effective date as specified below is defined as the date on which the State begins to implement its State plan or amendment. (42 CFR 457.65) The implementation date is date the State begins to provide services; or, the date on which the State puts into practice
	y described in the State plan or amendment. For example, in a State that has increased
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eligibility, this is the date on which the State begins to provide coverage to enrollees (and not the date the State begins outreach or accepting applications).

1.4. Provide the effective (date costs begin to be incurred) and implementation (date services begin to be provided) dates for this SPA (42 CFR 457.65). A SPA may only have one effective date, but provisions within the SPA may have different implementation dates that must be after the effective date.

Original Plan

LaCHIP Phase I

Medicaid Expansion SCHIP for children 6-18 between 101-133 Percent of the FPL

Effective Date: November 1, 1998 Implementation Date: November 1, 1998

Amendment 1

LaCHIP Phase II

Medicaid Expansion SCHIP for Children 0-18 Between 134-150 Percent of the FPL Effective Date: October 1, 1999

Amendment 2

LaCHIP Phase III

Medicaid Expansion SCHIP for Children 0-18 Between 151-200 Percent of the FPL Effective Date: June 6, 2001

Amendment 3

Removal of Waiting Period in Medicaid Expansion SCHIP

Approval date: February 24, 2003

Amendment 4

LaCHIP Phase IV

<u>Creation of Separate SCHIP – Unborn Child Option</u>

Effective date: April 1, 2007

Amendment 5

LaCHIP Phase V

Separate SCHIP for Children 0-18 between 201-250 Percent of the Federal Poverty Level

Effective date: April 1, 2008 Implementation date: May 1, 2008

Amendment 6

Addition of Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Maximizing Enrollment for Children Grant Funds \$999,926.00 for grant period: February 15, 2009 through February 14, 2003

Effective date: February 15, 2009 Implementation date: February 15, 2009

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Amendment 7

Addition of Prospective Payment Methodology for Federally Qualified Health Centers

and Rural Health Centers LaCHIP Phase V

Effective date: July 1, 2010 Implementation date: July 1, 2010

Amendment 8

Addition of Dental Benefit for LaCHIP Phase V

Effective date: February 1, 2012 Implementation date: February 1, 2012

Amendment 9

Withdrawn

Amendment 10

Withdrawn

Amendment 11

Reduction of Dental Reimbursement Fees for EPSDT Dental Services for Phase V

Effective date: July 1, 2012

Implementation date: July 1, 2012

Amendment 12

LaCHIP Phase V Benefits Administration Changes

Effective date: January 1, 2013

Implementation date: January 1, 2013

Amendment 13

LA SPA TN 13-01 CH

Reimbursement Rate Reduction for LaCHIP Affordable Plan Dental Services

Effective date: August 1, 2013

Amendment 14

LA SPA TN 18-0008

Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA) Compliance

Effective date: October 2, 2017

1.4- TC Tribal Consultation (Section 2107(e)(1)(C)) Describe the consultation process that occurred specifically for the development and submission of this State Plan Amendment, when it occurred and who was involved.

On June 15, 2018, a tribal notification with a summary of the State's intent to comply with the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act, was sent to the five federally recognized tribes. The seven-day comment period for the tribal notification ended on June 22, 2018.

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Section	n 6.	Coverage Re	quirements for Children's Health Insurance
	eligibi	lity under the S	te elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded state's Medicaid plan and proceed to Section 7 since children covered under a program will receive all Medicaid covered services including EPSDT.
6.1.			ts to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that on 2103(c)); (42 CFR 457.410(a))
	<u>Guidar</u>	benchi covera non-M	mark coverage is substantially equal to the benefits coverage in a mark benefit package (FEHBP-equivalent coverage, State employee age, and/or the HMO coverage plan that has the largest insured commercial, ledicaid enrollment in the state). If box below is checked, either 6.1.1.1., 2., or 6.1.1.3. must also be checked. (Section 2103(a)(1))
	6.1.1.	Bench	mark coverage; (Section 2103(a)(1) and 42 CFR 457.420)
		Guidance:	Check box below if the benchmark benefit package to be offered by the State is the standard Blue Cross/Blue Shield preferred provider option service benefit plan, as described in and offered under Section 8903(1) of Title 5, United States Code. (Section 2103(b)(1) (42 CFR 457.420(b))
		6.1.1.1.	FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(b)(1) (42 CFR 457.420(a)) (If checked, attach copy of the plan.)
		Guidance:	Check box below if the benchmark benefit package to be offered by the State is State employee coverage, meaning a coverage plan that is offered and generally available to State employees in the state. (Section 2103(b)(2))
		6.1.1.2.	State employee coverage; (Section 2103(b)(2)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)
		Guidance:	Check box below if the benchmark benefit package to be offered by the State is offered by a health maintenance organization (as defined in Section 2791(b)(3) of the Public Health Services Act) and has the largest insured commercial, non-Medicaid enrollment of covered lives of such coverage plans offered by an HMO in the state. (Section 2103(b)(3) (42 CFR 457.420(c)))
		6.1.1.3.	HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(b)(3)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)
	<u>Guida</u>		choosing Benchmark-equivalent coverage must check the box below and that the coverage meets the following requirements:
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- the coverage includes benefits for items and services within each of the categories of basic services described in 42 CFR 457.430:
 - dental services
 - inpatient and outpatient hospital services,
 - physicians' services,
 - surgical and medical services,
 - laboratory and x-ray services,
 - well-baby and well-child care, including age-appropriate immunizations, and
 - emergency services;
- the coverage has an aggregate actuarial value that is at least actuarially equivalent
 to one of the benchmark benefit packages (FEHBP-equivalent coverage, State
 employee coverage, or coverage offered through an HMO coverage plan that has
 the largest insured commercial enrollment in the state); and
- the coverage has an actuarial value that is equal to at least 75 percent of the actuarial value of the additional categories in such package, if offered, as described in 42 CFR 457.430:
 - coverage of prescription drugs,
 - mental health services,
 - · vision services and
 - hearing services.

If 6.1.2. is checked, a signed actuarial memorandum must be attached. The actuary who prepares the opinion must select and specify the standardized set and population to be used under paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of 42 CFR 457.431. The State must provide sufficient detail to explain the basis of the methodologies used to estimate the actuarial value or, if requested by CMS, to replicate the State results.

The actuarial report must be prepared by an individual who is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries. This report must be prepared in accordance with the principles and standards of the American Academy of Actuaries. In preparing the report, the actuary must use generally accepted actuarial principles and methodologies, use a standardized set of utilization and price factors, use a standardized population that is representative of privately insured children of the age of children who are expected to be covered under the State child health plan, apply the same principles and factors in comparing the value of different coverage (or categories of services), without taking into account any differences in coverage based on the method of delivery or means of cost control or utilization used, and take into account the ability of a State to reduce benefits by taking into account the increase in actuarial value of benefits coverage offered under the State child health plan that results from the limitations on cost sharing under such coverage. (Section 2103(a)(2))

6.1.2.	Benchmark-equivalent coverage; (Section 2 Specify the coverage, including the amount,	* * * *
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as well as any exclusions or limitations. Attach a signed actuarial report that meets the requirements specified in 42 CFR 457.431.

Guidance:

A State approved under the provision below, may modify its program from time to time so long as it continues to provide coverage at least equal to the lower of the actuarial value of the coverage under the program as of August 5, 1997, or one of the benchmark programs. If "existing comprehensive state-based coverage" is modified, an actuarial opinion documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is greater than the value as of August 5, 1997, or one of the benchmark plans must be attached. Also, the fiscal year 1996 State expenditures for "existing comprehensive state-based coverage" must be described in the space provided for all states. (Section 2103(a)(3))

Existing Comprehensive State-Based Coverage; (Section 2103(a)(3) and 42 CFR 457.440) This option is only applicable to New York, Florida, and Pennsylvania. Attach a description of the benefits package, administration, and date of enactment. If existing comprehensive State-based coverage is modified, provide an actuarial opinion documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is greater than the value as of August 5, 1997 or one of the benchmark plans.

Describe the fiscal year 1996 State expenditures for existing comprehensive state-based coverage.

Guidance: Secretary-approved coverage refers to any other health benefits coverage deemed appropriate and acceptable by the Secretary upon application by a state. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.250)

6.1.4. Secretary-approved Coverage. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.450)

Guidance:

Section 1905(r) of the Act defines EPSDT to require coverage of (1) any medically necessary screening, and diagnostic services, including vision, hearing, and dental screening and diagnostic services, consistent with a periodicity schedule based on current and reasonable medical practice standards or the health needs of an individual child to determine if a suspected condition or illness exists; and (2) all services listed in section 1905(a) of the Act that are necessary to correct or ameliorate any defects and mental and physical illnesses or conditions discovered by the screening services, whether or not those services are covered under the Medicaid state plan. Section 1902(a)(43) of the Act requires that the State (1) provide and arrange for all necessary services, including supportive services, such as transportation, needed to receive medical care included within the scope of the EPSDT benefit and (2) inform eligible beneficiaries about the services available under the EPSDT benefit.

If the coverage provided does not meet all of the statutory requirements for EPSDT contained in sections 1902(a)(43) and 1905(r) of the Act, do not check this box.

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6.1.4.1.	Coverage of all benefits that are provided to children that is the same as the benefits provided under the Medicaid State plan, including Early Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment (EPSDT).
6.1.4.2.	Comprehensive coverage for children under a Medicaid Section 1115 demonstration waiver.
6.1.4.3.	Coverage that the State has extended to the entire Medicaid population.
Guidance:	Check below if the coverage offered includes benchmark coverage, as specified in §457.420, plus additional coverage. Under this option, the State must clearly demonstrate that the coverage it provides includes the same coverage as the benchmark package, and also describes the services that are being added to the benchmark package.
6.1.4.4 .	Coverage that includes benchmark coverage plus additional coverage.
6.1.4.5.	Coverage that is the same as defined by existing comprehensive state-based coverage applicable only in New York, Pennsylvania or Florida. (under 42 CFR 457.440)
Guidance:	Check below if the State is purchasing coverage through a group health plan, and intends to demonstrate that the group health plan is substantially equivalent to or greater than coverage under one of the benchmark plans specified in 457.420, through the use of a benefit-by-benefit comparison of the coverage. Provide a sample of the comparison format that will be used. Under this option, if coverage for any benefit does not meet or exceed the coverage for that benefit under the benchmark, the State must provide an actuarial analysis as described in 457.431 to determine actuarial equivalence.
6.1.4.6.	Coverage under a group health plan that is substantially equivalent to or greater than benchmark coverage through a benefit by benefit comparison (Provide a sample of how the comparison will be done).
Guidance:	Check below if the State elects to provide a source of coverage that is not described above. Describe the coverage that will be offered, including any benefit limitations or exclusions.
6.1.4.7.	Other. (Describe) The state will use the Medicaid network of providers but offer the limited benefit package outlined in the separate program and offer the same benefits package except for LaCHIP Phase IV children. LaCHIP Phase IV for unborn child coverage mirrors the benefit package
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offered through Title XIX program in Louisiana.

Guida	ance:	All forms of coverage that the State elects to provide to children in its plan must be
		checked. The State should also describe the scope, amount and duration of services
		covered under its plan, as well as any exclusions or limitations. States that choose to
		cover unborn children under the State plan should include a separate section 6.2 that
		specifies benefits for the unborn child population. (Section 2110(a)) (42 CFR, 457.490)
		specifies benefits for the unboth clinic population. (Section 2110(a)) (42 CFR, 437.470)
		If the state elects to cover the new option of targeted low income pregnant women, but
		chooses to provide a different benefit package for these pregnant women under the CHIP
		plan, the state must include a separate section 6.2 describing the benefit package for
		pregnant women. (Section 2112)
6.2.	The Sta	ate elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply. If
	an item	is checked, describe the coverage with respect to the amount, duration and scope of
		s covered, as well as any exclusions or limitations) (Section 2110(a)) (42 CFR 457.490)
		e unborn child, the State covers pregnancy related services and services that if not
		l could complicate the pregnancy, i.e., the State covers the same services that it
		for the SOBRA pregnant women category in the Medicaid State Plan.
		tion: Sterilization procedures are not covered for the SCHIP unborn child group.
		rvices checked below are generally covered for Medicaid categorically needy
		es and are potentially covered for the SCHIP unborn child group, depending on the
	need o	f the recipient. Louisiana Medicaid program rules apply; examples include benefit
	limits,	extension of benefit limit procedures, prior authorization requirements, age limits,
	etc.	
	6.2.1.	Inpatient services (Section 2110(a)(1))
	0.2.1.	6.2.1.1 Unborn - Louisiana Medicaid program rules apply; examples include
		benefit limits, extension of benefit limit procedures, prior authorization
	< a a F	requirements, age limits, etc.
	6.2.2.	
		6.2.2.1 Unborn - Louisiana Medicaid program rules apply; examples include
		benefit limits, extension of benefit limit procedures, prior authorization
		requirements, age limits, etc.
	6.2.3.	Physician services (Section 2110(a)(3))
	(24	Compiled compiler (Continue 2110/2)/4))
	6.2.4. [Surgical services (Section 2110(a)(4))
	6.2.5.	Clinic services (including health center services) and other ambulatory health care
		services. (Section 2110(a)(5))
		561 (36615); 2 110(u)(0))
	6.2.6.	Prescription drugs (Section 2110(a)(6))
	0.2.0.	Trescription drugs (Section 2110(a)(0))
	(27	O 44: (S4: 2110(-)(7))
	6.2.7.	
	5	Limited to unborn children covered in LaCHIP Phase IV.
	6.2.8.	Laboratory and radiological services (Section 2110(a)(8))
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6.2.9.	Prenatal care and pre-pregnancy family services and supplies (Section 2110(a)(9))
6.2.10.	Inpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.18., but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including residential or other 24-hour therapeutically planned structural services (Section 2110(a)(10)) 6.2.10.1 Unborn - Louisiana Medicaid program rules apply; examples include benefit limits, extension of benefit limit procedures, prior
6.2.11.	authorization requirements, age limits, etc. Outpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.19, but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including community-based services (Section 2110(a)(11)
6.2.12. 🖂	6.2.11.1 Unborn - Louisiana Medicaid program rules apply; examples include benefit limits, extension of benefit limit procedures, prior authorization requirements, age limits, etc. Durable medical equipment and other medically-related or remedial devices (such as prosthetic devices, implants, eyeglasses, hearing aids, dental devices, and adaptive devices) (Section 2110(a)(12))
6.2.13.	Disposable medical supplies (Section 2110(a)(13))
Guidance:	Home and community based services may include supportive services such as home health nursing services, home health aide services, personal care, assistance with activities of daily living, chore services, day care services, respite care services, training for family members, and minor modifications to the home.
6.2.14.	Home and community-based health care services (Section 2110(a)(14))
Guidance:	Nursing services may include nurse practitioner services, nurse midwife services, advanced practice nurse services, private duty nursing care, pediatric nurse services, and respiratory care services in a home, school or other setting.
6.2.15.	Nursing care services (Section 2110(a)(15))
6.2.16.	Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest (Section $2110(a)(16)$
6.2.17.	Dental services Section 2110(a)(17)) States updating their dental benefits must complete 6.2-DC (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012 issued October 7, 2009) LaCHIP Phases IV and LaCHIP Phase V has the same benefit as outlined in the Medicaid State Plan. Please reference Appendix A: EPSDT Dental Program Fee Schedule for full list of services.
6.2.18.	Vision screenings and services (Section 2110(a)(24))
6.2.19. ⊠ 6.2.20. ⊠	Hearing screenings and services (Section 2110(a)(24)) Inpatient substance abuse treatment services and residential substance abuse
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6.2.21. 🖂	treatment services (Section 2110(a)(18)) 6.2.18.1 Unborn - Louisiana Medicaid program rules apply; examples include benefit limits, extension of benefit limit procedures, prior authorization requirements, age limits, etc. Outpatient substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(19)) 6.2.19.1 Unborn - Louisiana Medicaid program rules apply; examples include benefit limits, extension of benefit limit procedures, prior
6.2.22.	authorization requirements, age limits, etc. Case management services (Section 2110(a)(20))
6.2.23.	Care coordination services (Section 2110(a)(21))
6.2.24. ⊠	Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and services for individuals with speech, hearing, and language disorders (Section $2110(a)(22)$)
6.2.25.	Hospice care (Section 2110(a)(23))
Guidance:	See guidance for Section 6.1.4.1 for guidance on the statutory requirements for EPSDT under sections 1905(r) and 1902(a)(43) of the Act. If the benefit being provided does not meet the EPSDT statutory requirements, do not check the box below.
6.2.26.	EPSDT consistent with requirements of sections 1905(r) and 1902(a)(43) of the Act
Guidance:	Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative, remedial, therapeutic or rehabilitative service may be provided, whether in a facility, home, school, or other setting, if recognized by State law and only if the service is: 1) prescribed by or furnished by a physician or other licensed or registered practitioner within the scope of practice as prescribed by State law; 2) performed under the general supervision or at the direction of a physician; or 3) furnished by a health care facility that is operated by a State or local government or is licensed under State law and operating within the scope of the license.
6.2.27. ⊠ 6.2.28. □	Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative, remedial, therapeutic, or rehabilitative services. (Section 2110(a)(24)) These services are limited to unborn children covered through LaCHIP Phase IV, who would obtain those services through the Medicaid State Plan. Premiums for private health care insurance coverage (Section 2110(a)(25))
6.2.29.	Medical transportation (Section 2110(a)(26))
Guidance:	Enabling services, such as transportation, translation, and outreach services, may be offered only if designed to increase the accessibility of primary and preventive health care services for eligible low-income individuals.
6.2.30.	Enabling services (such as transportation, translation, and outreach services)
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6.2.31.	Any other health care services or items specified by the Secretary and not included under this Section (Section 2110(a)(28))
1	Dental Coverage (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # #09-012 issued October 7, 2009) The State will provide dental coverage to children through one of the following. Please update Sections 9.10 and 10.3-DC when electing this option. Dental services provided to children eligible for dental-only supplemental services must receive the same dental services as provided to otherwise eligible CHIP children (Section 2103(a)(5)):
 Diag sche Prev D10 Rest End Peri Pros Oral 	State Specific Dental Benefit Package. The State assures dental services represented by the following categories of common dental terminology (CDT¹) codes are included in the dental benefits: gnostic (i.e., clinical exams, x-rays) (CDT codes: D0100-D0999) (must follow periodicity dule) tentive (i.e., dental prophylaxis, topical fluoride treatments, sealants) (CDT codes: 00-D1999) (must follow periodicity schedule) torative (i.e., fillings, crowns) (CDT codes: D2000-D2999) todontic (i.e., root canals) (CDT codes: D3000-D3999) thodontic (treatment of gum disease) (CDT codes: D4000-D4999) and Maxillofacial Surgery (i.e., extractions of teeth and other oral surgical procedures)
8. Orth	T codes: D7000-D7999) rodontics (i.e., braces) (CDT codes: D8000-D8999) regency Dental Services
6.2.2-D	6.2.1.1-DC Periodicity Schedule. The State has adopted the following periodicity schedule: State-developed Medicaid-specific American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry Other Nationally recognized periodicity schedule Other (description attached) C ■ Benchmark coverage; (Section 2103(c)(5), 42 CFR 457.410, and 42 CFR 457.420) 6.2.2.1-DC ■ FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(c)(5)(C)(i)) (If checked, attach copy of the dental supplemental plan benefits description and the applicable CDT² codes. If the State chooses to provide supplemental services, also attach a description of the services and applicable CDT codes)
Current Dental T	Dental Terminology, © 2010 American Dental Association. All rights reserved. erminology, © 2010 American Dental Association. All rights reserved. 12 Approval Date: Effective Date:

(Section 2110(a)(27))

6.2.2.2-DC State employee coverage; (Section 2103(c)(5)(C)(ii)) (If checked, ic the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description and the application CDT codes. If the State chooses to provide supplemental services, a attach a description of the services and applicable CDT codes)					
	6.2.2.3-DC HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(c)(5)(C)(iii)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description and the applicable CDT codes. If the State chooses to provide supplemental services, also attach a description of the services and applicable CDT codes)				
6.2-DS	Supplemental Dental Coverage- The State will provide dental coverage to children eligible for dental-only supplemental services. Children eligible for this option must receive the same dental services as provided to otherwise eligible CHIP children (Section 2110(b)(5)(C)(ii)). Please update Sections 1.1-DS, 4.1-DS, 4.2-DS, and 9.10 when electing this option.				
Guidance:	Under Title XXI, pre-existing condition exclusions are not allowed, with the only exception being in relation to another law in existence (HIPAA/ERISA). Indicate that the plan adheres to this requirement by checking the applicable description.				
	In the event that the State provides benefits through a group health plan or group health coverage, or provides family coverage through a group health plan under a waiver (see Section 6.4.2.), pre-existing condition limits are allowed to the extent permitted by HIPAA/ERISA. If the State is contracting with a group health plan or provides benefits through group health coverage, describe briefly any limitations on pre-existing conditions. (Formerly 8.6.)				
6.2- MHPAEA Section 2103(c)(6)(A) of the Social Security Act requires that, to the extent that it provides both medical/surgical benefits and mental health or substance use disorder benefits, a State child health plan ensures that financial requirements and treatment limitations applicable to mental health and substance use disorder benefits comply with the mental health parity requirements of section 2705(a) of the Public Health Service Act in the same manner that such requirements apply to a group health plan. If the state child health plan provides for delivery of services through a managed care arrangement, this requirement applies to both the state and managed care plans. These requirements are also applicable to any additional benefits provided voluntarily to the child health plan population by managed care entities and will be considered as part of CMS's contract review process at 42 CFR 457.1201(l).					
6.2.1- MHPAEA Before completing a parity analysis, the State must determine whether each covered benefit is a medical/surgical, mental health, or substance use disorder benefit based on a standard that is consistent with state and federal law and generally recognized independent standards of medical practice. (42 CFR 457.496(f)(1)(i))					
6.2.1.1	I- MHPAEA Please choose the standard(s) the state uses to determine whether a covered				
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benefit is a medical/surgical benefit, mental health benefit, or substance use disorder benefit. The most current version of the standard elected must be used. If different standards are used for different benefit types, please specify the benefit type(s) to which each standard is applied. If "Other" is selected, please provide a description of that standard.					
International Classification of Disease (ICD)					
Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM)					
State guidelines (Describe:)					
Other (Describe:)					
6.2.1.2- MHPAEA Does the State provide mental health and/or substance use disorder benefits?					
Yes No					
Guidance: If the State does not provide any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the mental health parity requirements do not apply ((42 CFR 457.496(f)(1)). Continue on to Section 6.3.					
6.2.2- MHPAEA Section 2103(c)(6)(B) of the Social Security Act (the Act) provides that to the extent a State child health plan includes coverage of early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and treatment services (EPSDT) defined in section 1905(r) of the Act and provided in accordance with section 1902(a)(43) of the Act, the plan shall be deemed to satisfy the parity requirements of section 2103(c)(6)(A) of the Act.					
6.2.2.1- MHPAEA Does the State child health plan provide coverage of EPSDT? The State must provide for coverage of EPSDT benefits, consistent with Medicaid statutory requirements, as indicated in section 6.2.26 of the State child health plan in order to answer "yes."					
Yes No					
Guidance: If the State child health plan does not provide EPSDT consistent with Medicaid statutory requirements at sections 1902(a)(43) and 1905(r) of the Act, please go to Section 6.2.3- MHPAEA to complete the required parity analysis of the State child health plan.					
If the state <i>does</i> provide EPSDT benefits consistent with Medicaid requirements, please continue this section to demonstrate compliance with the statutory requirements of section 2103(c)(6)(B) of the Act and the mental health parity regulations of 42 CFR 457.496(b) related to deemed compliance. Please provide supporting documentation, such as contract language, provider manuals, and/or					
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member handbooks describing the state's provision of EPSDT.

6.2.2.2- MHPAEA EPSDT benefits are provided to the following:					
All children covered under the State child health plan. A subset of children covered under the State child health plan.					
Please describe the different populations (if applicable) covered under the State child health plan that are provided EPSDT benefits consistent with Medicaid statutory requirements.					
Guidance: If only a subset of children are provided EPSDT benefits under the State child health plan, 42 CFR 457.496(b)(3) limits deemed compliance to those children only and Section 6.2.3- MHPAEA must be completed as well as the required parity analysis for the other children.					
6.2.2.3- MHPAEA To be deemed compliant with the MHPAEA parity requirements, States must provide EPSDT in accordance with sections 1902(a)(43) and 1905(r) of the Act (42 CFR 457.496(b)). The State assures each of the following for children eligible for EPSDT under the separate State child health plan:					
All screening services, including screenings for mental health and substance use disorder conditions, are provided at intervals that align with a periodicity schedule that meets reasonable standards of medical or dental practice as well as when medically necessary to determine the existence of suspected illness or conditions. (Section 1905(r))					
All diagnostic services described in 1905(a) of the Act are provided as needed to diagnose suspected conditions or illnesses discovered through screening services, whether or not those services are covered under the Medicaid state plan. (Section 1905(r))					
All items and services described in section 1905(a) of the Act are provided when needed to correct or ameliorate a defect or any physical or mental illnesses and conditions discovered by the screening services, whether or not such services are covered under the Medicaid State plan. (Section 1905(r)(5))					
Treatment limitations applied to services provided under the EPSDT benefit are not limited based on a monetary cap or budgetary constraints and may be exceeded as medically necessary to correct or ameliorate a medical or physical condition or illness. (Section 1905(r)(5))					
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	Non-quantitative treatment limitations, such as definitions of medical necessity or criteria for medical necessity, are applied in an individualized manner that does not preclude coverage of any items or services necessary to correct or ameliorate any medical or physical condition or illness. (Section 1905(r)(5))					
	EPSDT benefits are not excluded of diagnosis. (Section 1905(r)(5))	n the basis of any condition, diso	rder, or			
	The provision of all requested EPS treatments needed based on those screeninecessary. (Section 1902(a)(43))	•	-			
	All families with children eligible for the EPSDT benefit under the separate Stachild health plan are provided information and informed about the full range of service available to them. (Section 1902(a)(43)(A))					
	Guidance: For states seeking deemed plan population, please continue to Se populations are offered EPSDT, the S benefit packages provided to those pomHPAEA.	ction 6.3. If not all of the cover tate must conduct a parity anal	ed ysis of the			
Mental Healt Populations	h Parity Analysis Requirements for Stat	es Not Providing EPSDT to All	Covered			
health plan the 457.496(b). It woman popul example, if di	he State must complete a parity analysis nat is not provided the EPSDT benefit co f the State provides benefits or limitatio ations, states should perform a parity a fferent financial requirements are appli ty analysis is needed for the benefit pac	onsistent with the requirements as that vary within the child or nalysis for each of the benefit p ed according to a beneficiary's	pregnant ackages. For income, a			
	that changes made to benefit limitation analysis are also made in Section 6.2.	s under the State child health p	lan as a result			
four classifica	EA In order to conduct the parity analyst and substance use disorder benefits covered tions: Inpatient, outpatient, emergency cardii); 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(ii)(B))	d under the State child health pla	n into one of			
6.2.3.1 MHPAEA Please describe below the standard(s) used to place covered benefits into one of the four classifications.						
	6.2.3.1.1 MHPAEA The State assures that	at:				
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The State has classified all benefits covered under the State plan into one of the four classifications. The same reasonable standards are used for determining the classification for a mental health or substance use disorder benefit as are used for determining the classification of medical/surgical benefits.					
6.2.3.1.2- MHPAEA Does the State use sub-classifications to distinguish between office visits and other outpatient services?					
Yes					
No No					
6.2.3.1.2.1- MHPAEA If the State uses sub-classifications to distinguish between outpatient office visits and other outpatient services, the State assures the following:					
The sub-classifications are only used to distinguish office visits from other outpatient items and services, and are not used to distinguish between similar services on other bases (ex: generalist vs. specialist visits).					
Guidance: For purposes of this section, any reference to "classification(s)" includes sub-classification(s) in states using sub-classifications to distinguish between outpatient office visits from other					
outpatient services.					
6.2.3.2 MHPAEA The State assures that:					
Mental health/ substance use disorder benefits are provided in all classifications in which medical/surgical benefits are provided under the State child health plan.					
Guidance: States are not required to cover mental health or substance use disorder benefits (42 CFR 457.496(f)(2)). However if a state does provide any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, those mental health or substance use disorder benefits must be provided in all the same classifications in which medical/surgical benefits are covered under the State child health plan (42 CFR 457.496(d)(2)(ii).					
Annual and Aggregate Lifetime Dollar Limits					
6.2.4- MHPAEA A State that provides both medical/surgical benefits and mental health and/or substance use disorder benefits must comply with parity requirements related to annual and aggregate lifetime dollar limits for benefits covered under the State child health plan. (42 CFR 457.496(c))					
6.2.4.1- MHPAEA Please indicate whether the State applies an aggregate lifetime dollar limit and/or an annual dollar limit on any mental health or substance abuse disorder benefits covered 17					
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under the State child health plan.
Aggregate lifetime dollar limit is applied
Aggregate annual dollar limit is applied
No dollar limit is applied
Guidance: A monetary coverage limit that applies to <i>all</i> CHIP services provided under the State child health plan is not subject to parity requirements.
If there are no aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limits on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, please go to section 6.2.5- MHPAEA.
6.2.4.2- MHPAEA Are there any medical/surgical benefits covered under the State child health plan that have either an aggregate lifetime dollar limit or an annual dollar limit? If yes, please specify what type of limits apply.
Yes (Type(s) of limit:)
⊠ □ No
Guidance: If no aggregate lifetime dollar limit is applied to medical/ surgical benefits, the State may not impose an aggregate lifetime dollar limit on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits. If no aggregate annual dollar limit is applied to medical/surgical benefits, the State may not impose an aggregate annual dollar limit on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(c)(1))
6.2.4.3 – MHPAEA. States applying an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit on medical/surgical benefits and mental health or substance use disorder benefits must determine whether the portion of the medical/surgical benefits to which the limit applies is less than one-third, at least one-third but less than two-thirds, or at least two-thirds of all medical/surgical benefits covered under the State plan (42 CFR 457.496(c)). The portion of medical/surgical benefits subject to the limit is based on the dollar amount expected to be paid for all medical/surgical benefits under the State plan for the State plan year or portion of the plan year after a change in benefits that affects the applicability of the aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limits. (42 CFR 457.496(c)(3))
☐ The State assures that it has developed a reasonable methodology to calculate the portion of covered medical/surgical benefits which are subject to the aggregate lifetime and/or annual dollar limit, as applicable.
Guidance: Please include the state's methodology to calculate the portion of covered medical/surgical benefits which are subject to the aggregate lifetime and/or annual dollar limit and the results as an attachment to the State child health plan.
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surgical benefits	LEA Please indicate the portion of the total costs for medical and covered under the State plan which are subject to a lifetime dollar limit: nan 1/3
☐ At leas	st 1/3 and less than 2/3 st 2/3
	LEA Please indicate the portion of the total costs for medical and covered under the State plan which are subject to an annual dollar limit:
	nan 1/3 st 1/3 and less than 2/3 st 2/3
medical/s limit on a dollar lim the State	e: If an aggregate lifetime limit is applied to less than one-third of all urgical benefits, the State may not impose an aggregate lifetime may mental health or substance use disorder benefits. If an annual hit is applied to less than one-third of all medical surgical benefits, may not impose an annual dollar limit on any mental health or a use disorder benefits (42 CFR 457.496(c)(1)). Skip to section 6.2.5-4.
one-third the assur	te applies an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit to at least of all medical/surgical benefits, please continue below to provide ances related to the determination of the portion of total costs for urgical benefits that are subject to either an annual or lifetime limit.
<u>do</u> the	2.4.3.2.1- MHPAEA If the State applies an aggregate lifetime or annual llar limit to at least 1/3 and less than 2/3 of all medical/surgical benefits, e State assures the following (42 CFR 457.496(c)(4)(i)(B)); (42 CFR 7.496(c)(4)(ii)):
	☐ The State applies an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit on mental health or substance use disorder benefits that is no more restrictive than an average limit calculated for medical/surgical benefits.
	Guidance: The state's methodology for calculating the average limit for medical/surgical benefits must be consistent with 42 CFR 457.496(c)(4)(i)(B) and 42 CFR 457.496(c)(4)(ii). Please include the state's methodology and results as an attachment to the State child health plan.
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subject	3.2.2- MHPAEA If at least 2/3 of all medical/surgical benefits are t to an annual or lifetime limit, the State assures either of the ing (42 CFR 457.496(c)(2)(i)); (42 CFR 457.496(c)(2)(ii)):			
	☐ The aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit is applied to both medical/surgical benefits and mental health and substance use disorder benefits in a manner that does not distinguish between medical/surgical benefits and mental health and substance use disorder benefits; or			
	☐ The aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit placed on mental health and substance use disorder benefits is no more restrictive than the aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit on medical/surgical benefits.			
Quantitative Treatment Limitation	as			
or substance use disorder benefits in	pply quantitative treatment limitations (QTLs) on any mental health any classification of benefits? If yes, specify the classification(s) of the or more QTLs on any mental health or substance use disorder			
Yes (Specify:)				
Guidance: If the state does not apply any type of QTLs on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits in any classification, the state meets parity requirements for QTLs and should continue to Section 6.2.6 - MHPAEA. If the state does apply QTLs to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the state must conduct a parity analysis. Please continue.				
6.2.5.1- MHPAEA Does the	State apply any type of QTL on any medical/surgical benefits?			
☐ Yes ☐ No				
Guidance: If the State does not apply QTLs on any medical/surgical benefits, the State may not impose quantitative treatment limitations on mental health or substance use disorder benefits, please go to Section 6.2.6- MHPAEA related to non-quantitative treatment limitations.				
QTL on any mental health or portion of medical and surgic More specifically, the State n expected to be paid under the which are subject to the type	ach classification of benefits in which the State applies a type of substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the cal benefits in the classification which are subject to the limitation. must determine the ratio of (a) the dollar amount of all payments a State plan for medical and surgical benefits within a classification of quantitative treatment limitation for the plan year (or portion of r change affecting the applicability of a type of quantitative			
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treatment limitation to any medical/surgical benefits in the class) to (b) the dollar at expected to be paid for all medical and surgical benefits within the classification fo year. For purposes of this paragraph, all payments expected to be paid under the St includes payments expected to be made directly by the State and payments which a be made by MCEs contracting with the State. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(C)) The State assures it has applied a reasonable methodology to determine amounts used in the ratio described above for each classification within whi applies QTLs to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))	or the plan tate plan ure expected to the dollar			
Guidance: Please include the state's methodology and results as an attathe State child health plan.	achment to			
6.2.5.3- MHPAEA For each type of QTL applied to any mental health or substance benefits within a given classification, does the State apply the same type of QTL to all" (defined as at least two-thirds) of the medical/surgical benefits within the same classification? (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))	"substantially			
☐ Yes ☐ No				
Guidance: If the State does not apply a type of QTL to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a given classification of benefits, the State may not impose that type of QTL on mental health or substance use disorder benefits in that classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))				
6.2.5.3.1- MHPAEA For each type of QTL applied to mental health or sul disorder benefits, the State must determine the predominant level of that typ applied to medical/surgical benefits in the classification. The "predominant type of QTL in a classification is the level (or least restrictive of a combinat that applies to more than one-half of the medical/surgical benefits in that cladescribed in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B). The portion of medical/surgical beclassification to which a given level of a QTL type is applied is based on the amount of payments expected to be paid for medical/surgical benefits subject as compared to all medical/surgical benefits in the classification, as described 457.496(d)(3)(i)(C). For each type of quantitative treatment limitation applied to the substance use disorder benefits, the State assures:	be which is t level" of a tion of levels) assification, as benefits in a e dollar ct to that level ed in 42 CFR			
The same reasonable methodology applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine whether substantially all medical/surgical benefits within a classification are subject to a type of quantitative treatment limitation also is applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine the predominant level of a type of quantitative treatment limitation applied to medical/surgical benefits within a classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))				
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	to mental health or substance use restrictive than the predominant medical/surgical benefits within 457.496(d)(2)(i)) Guidance: If there is no single half threshold, the State may c the combined levels are applied	e disorder benefits in any classification is no more level of that type which is applied by the State to the same classification. (42 CFR elevel of a type of OTL that exceeds the one-ombine levels within a type of OTL such that d to at least half of all medical/surgical benefits dominant level is the least restrictive level of e one-half threshold. (42 CFR		
Non-Quantitative T	Treatment Limitations			
health or substance u		tive treatment limitations (NQTLs) for mental must ensure that those NQTLs comply with all 6(d)(4)); (42 CFR 457.496(d)(5))		
	IPAEA If the State imposes any NIQTLs, please go to Section 6.2.7-1	QTLs, complete this subsection. If the State does MHPAEA.		
factor benef other	rs used in the application of any NO its are no more stringent than the p	es, strategies, evidentiary standards or other QTL to mental health or substance use disorder processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or NQTLs to medical/surgical benefits within the		
Guidance: Examples of NQTLs include medical management standards to limit or exclude benefits based on medical necessity, restrictions based on geographic location, provider specialty, or other criteria to limit the scope or duration of benefits and provider network design (ex: preferred providers vs. participating providers). Additional examples of possible NQTLs are provided in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(4)(ii). States will need to provide a summary of its NQTL analysis, as well as supporting documentation as requested.				
		cting with the State must comply with parity if enefits furnished by out-of-network providers.		
		MCE contracting with the State provide provided by out-of-network providers?		
	No			
<u>Gui</u>		if the State or MCE only provides out of		
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network services in specific circumstances, such as emergency care, or when the network is unable to provide a necessary service covered under the contract.

6.2.6.2.2- MHPAEA If yes, the State must provide access to out-of-network providers for mental health or substance use disorder benefits. Please assure the following:	
The State attests that when determining access to out-of-network providers within a benefit classification, the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards, or other factors used to determine access to those providers for mental health/substance use disorder benefits are comparable to and applied no more stringently than the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or other factors used to determine access for out- of-network providers for medical/surgical benefits.	
Availability of Plan Information	
6.2.7- MHPAEA The State must provide beneficiaries, potential enrollees, and providers with information related to medical necessity criteria and denials of payment or reimbursement for mental health or substance use disorder services (42 CFR 457.496(e)) in addition to existing notice requirements at 42 CFR 457.1180.	
6.2.7.1- MHPAEA Medical necessity criteria determinations must be made available to any current or potential enrollee or contracting provider, upon request. The state attests that the following entities provide this information:	
☐ State ☐ Managed Care entities ☐ Both ☐ Other	Formatted: Space After: 0 pt, Line spacing: single
Guidance: If other is selected, please specify the entity.	
6.2.7.2- MHPAEA Reason for any denial for reimbursement or payment for mental health or substance use disorder benefits must be made available to the enrollee by the health plan or the State. The state attests that the following entities provide denial information:	
State	Formatted: Space After: 0 pt, Line spacing: single
☐ Managed Care entities ☐ Both ☐ Other	
Guidance: If other is selected, please specify the entity.	
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Section	ı 8.	Cost-S	haring	and Payment			
		ck here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded ibility under the State's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 9.					
8.1.		Is cost-sharing imposed on any of the children covered under the plan? (42 CFR 457.505) Indicate if this also applies for pregnant women. (CHIPRA #2, SHO # 09-006, issued May 11, 2009)					
	8.1.1. 8.1.2.		\boxtimes	Yes No, skip to question 8.8. Un	nborn children c	overed in LaCHIP Phase IV	
	8.1.1-P 8.1.2-P			Yes No, skip to question 8.8.			
		sharing implem 150 per exceed will be	mitation de la mitati	ons on cost sharing that are unitions have been set forth in Story regulations at 42 CFR 44's for poverty and above, cost sharent of a family's income per	nder the Medicaic Section 1916 of th 7.50 - 447.59). For uring for all childr year. Include a statices. (CHIPRA #.	or families with incomes of ten in the family cannot attement that no cost sharing 2, SHO # 09-006, issued May	
8.2.	Describe the amount of cost-sharing, any sliding scale based on income, the group or groups of enrollees that may be subject to the charge by age and income (if applicable) and the service for which the charge is imposed or time period for the charge, as appropriate. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.505(a), 457.510(b) and (c), 457.515(a) and (c))						
	8.2.1. Premiums: \$50 per month per family where family income is from 201 up to and including, 250 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL) 8.2.2. Deductibles:						
	8.2.3.			urance or copayments:			
	8.2.4. [Other:				
8.2-DS		childre sharing track th percent	n enroll g, specifinat the of t of inco	1 Dental (CHIPRA # 7, SHC led in the dental-only supple fying any sliding scale based cost sharing does not exceed ome calculation shall include ce. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A))	mental coverage, on income. Also 5 percent of gros e all cost-sharing	describe the amount of cost- describe how the State will s family income. The 5 for health insurance and	
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		5(a) and (c), and 457.560(a)) Pleas 19.10 when electing this option.	e update Sections 1.1-DS, 4.1-DS, 4.2-DS, 6.2-	
	8.2.1-DS	Premiums:		
	8.2.2-DS	Deductibles:		
	8.2.3-DS	Coinsurance or copayments:		
	8.2.4-DS	Other:		
8.3.	Describe how the public will be notified, including the public schedule, of this cost sharing (including the cumulative maximum) and changes to these amounts and any differences based on income. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.505(b))			
	applica amoun If chan notified	tion, which includes a chart of it is. This information is also pror ges are necessary to the cost sha	need to potential enrollees through the encome eligibility and premium payment eninently displayed on the LaCHIP website. Fing requirements, all current enrollees are effective dates. Public hearings are held to oposed changes to cost sharing.	
		tion regarding these assurances. T	o demonstrate upon request its rationale and This section also addresses limitations on quirements for maintenance of effort.	
8.4.	The State assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the cost sharing in its plan: (Section 2103(e))			
	8.4.2. ⊠ 8.4.3 ⊠	income families. (Section 2103(e) No cost-sharing applies to well-ba appropriate immunizations. (Secti No additional cost-sharing applies	by and well-child care, including age- on 2103(e)(2)) (42 CFR 457.520) to the costs of emergency medical services	
	delivered outside the network. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.515(f)) 8.4.1- MHPAEA There is no separate accumulation of cumulative financial requirements, as defined in 42 CFR 457.496(a), for mental health and substance abuse disorder benefits compared to medical/surgical benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(iii))			
	8.4.2- MHPAEA If applicable, any different levels of financial requirements that are applied to different tiers of prescription drugs are determined based on reasonable factors, regardless of whether a drug is generally prescribed for medical/surgical benefits or mental health/substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(ii)(A))			
	8.4.3- MHPAEA Cost sharing applied to benefits provided under the State child health			
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plan will remain capped at five percent of the beneficiary's income as required by 42 CFR 457.560 (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(D)).

8.4.4- MHPAEA Does the State apply financial requirements to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits? If yes, specify the classification(s) of benefits in which the State applies financial requirements on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits.
Yes (Specify: Pharmacy co-payments) No
Guidance: For the purposes of parity, financial requirements include deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, and out of pocket maximums; premiums are excluded from the definition. If the state does not apply financial requirements on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the state meets parity requirements for financial requirements. If the state does apply financial requirements to mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the state must conduct a parity analysis. Please continue below.
Please ensure that changes made to financial requirements under the State child health plan as a result of the parity analysis are also made in Section 8.2.
8.4.5- MHPAEA Does the State apply any type of financial requirements on any medical/surgical benefits?
Yes No
Guidance: If the State does not apply financial requirements on any medical/surgical benefits, the State may not impose financial requirements on mental health or substance use disorder benefits.
8.4.6- MHPAEA Within each classification of benefits in which the State applies a type of financial requirement on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the portion of medical and surgical benefits in the class which are subject to the limitation.
The State assures it has applied a reasonable methodology to determine the dollar amounts used in the ratio described above (Section 6.2.5.2-MHPAEA) for each classification or within which the State applies financial requirements to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))
Guidance: Please include the state's methodology and results of the parity analysis as an attachment to the State child health plan.
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8.4.7- MHPAEA For each type of financial requirement applied to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits within a given classification, does the State apply the same type of financial requirement to at least two-thirds ("substantially all") of all the medical/surgical benefits within the same classification? (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))			
Yes No			
Guidance: If the State does not apply a type of financial requirement to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a given classification of benefits, the State may <i>not</i> impose financial requirements on mental health or substance use disorder benefits in that classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))			
8.4.8- MHPAEA For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State must determine the predominant level (as defined in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)) of that type which is applied to medical/surgical benefits in the classification. For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State assures:			
The same reasonable methodology applied in determining the dollar amounts used in determining whether substantially all medical/surgical benefits within a classification are subject to a type of financial requirement also is applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine the predominant level of a type of financial requirement applied to medical/surgical benefits within a classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))			
The level of each type of financial requirement applied by the State to mental health or substance use disorder benefits in any classification is no more restrictive than the predominant level of that type which is applied by the State to medical/surgical benefits within the same classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(2)(i))			
Guidance: If there is no single level of a type of financial requirement that exceeds the one-half threshold, the State may combine levels within a type of financial requirement such that the combined levels are applied to at least half of all medical/surgical benefits within a classification; the predominant level is the least restrictive level of the levels combined to meet the one-half threshold. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)(2))			
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