LA SPA TN 23-0031 Inpatient Hospital Services (Out of State Hospitals) Effective date: September 20, 2023

Medicaid Funding Ouestions

The following questions are being asked and should be answered in relation to all amended payments made to providers paid pursuant to a methodology described in Attachments 4.19-A, 4.19-B, and 4.19-D of this SPA.

1. Section 1903(a)(1) provides that Federal matching funds are only available for expenditures made by States for services under the approved State plan. Do providers receive and retain the total Medicaid expenditures claimed by the State (includes normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced payments, other) or is any portion of the payments returned to the State, local governmental entity, or any other intermediary organization? If providers are required to return any portion of payments, please provide a full description of the repayment process. Include in your response a full description of the methodology for the return of any of the payments, a complete listing of providers that return a portion of their payments, the amount or percentage of payments that are returned and the disposition and use of the funds once they are returned to the State (i.e., general fund, medical services account, etc.)

LDH RESPONSE:

Please see Attachment 4.19-A. There were 3 public, non-state owned hospitals that qualified for disproportionate share hospital (DSH) payments applicable to state fiscal year (SFY) 2023 (1 non-rural hospitals and 2 rural hospitals) that each certified its allowable uncompensated care costs as expenditures eligible for federal financial participation (FFP). The reportable DSH amount in SFY 2023 for these hospitals was \$1,812,135 (FFP \$1,222,647). DSH payments will be limited to 100 percent of each hospital's specific uncompensated care costs in accordance with Section 1923(g) and the approved State Plan. Act 10 of the 2009 regular session of the Louisiana Legislature directed these non-state public hospitals to certify their uncompensated care cost expenditures to be used as matching funds which was continued in Act 447 of the 2023 Regular Session. Attached are Act 447 of the 2023 Regular Session (Attachment 1), a listing of the qualifying hospitals in SFY 2023, and the estimated payments/amounts received by the hospitals (Attachment 2). Medicaid payments are made directly to Medicaid providers. Providers retain all of the Medicaid payments.

2. Section 1902(a)(2) provides that the lack of adequate funds from local sources will not result in lowering the amount, duration, scope, or quality of care and services available under the plan. Please describe how the state share of each type of Medicaid payment (normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced, other) is funded. Please describe whether the state share is from appropriations from the legislature to the Medicaid agency, through intergovernmental transfer agreements (IGTs), certified public expenditures (CPEs), provider taxes, or any other mechanism used by the state to provide state share. Note that, if the appropriation is not to the Medicaid agency, the source of the state share would necessarily be derived through either through an IGT or CPE. In this case, please identify the agency to which the funds are appropriated. Please provide an estimate of total expenditure and State share amounts for each type of Medicaid payment. If any of the non- federal share is being provided using IGTs or CPEs, please fully describe the matching arrangement including when the state agency receives the transferred amounts from the local governmental entity transferring the

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funds. If CPEs are used, please describe the methodology used by the state to verify that the total expenditures being certified are eligible for Federal matching funds in accordance with 42 CFR 433.51(b). For any payment funded by CPEs or IGTs, please provide the following:

(i) a complete list of the names of entities transferring or certifying funds;

(ii) the operational nature of the entity (state, county, city, other);

(iii) the total amounts transferred or certified by each entity;

(iv) clarify whether the certifying or transferring entity has general taxing authority: and,

(v) whether the certifying or transferring entity received appropriations (identify level of appropriations).

LDH RESPONSE:

Please see Attachment 4.19-A. The Legislature does not appropriate funds for specific line item programs, such as inpatient hospitals. Appropriations for the total Medicaid program are divided into four categories: (1) private provider payments; (2) public providers; (3) Medicare buy-ins, supplements, and clawbacks; and (4) uncompensated care costs. For SFY 2024 (July 1, 2023- June 30, 2024), the amounts appropriated are \$17,054,063,519 for private providers, \$258,467,440 for public providers, \$801,245,323 for Medicare buy-ins, supplements and clawbacks, and \$443,339,046 for uncompensated care costs.

3. Section 1902(a)(30) requires that payments for services be consistent with efficiency, economy, and quality of care. Section 1903(a)(1) provides for Federal financial participation to States for expenditures for services under an approved State plan. If supplemental or enhanced payments are made, please provide the total amount for each type of supplemental or enhanced payment made to each provider type.

LDH RESPONSE:

Please see Attachment 4.19-A. The responses to questions 1 and 2 also apply to this question.

4. For inpatient hospital services please provide a detailed description of the methodology used by the state to estimate the upper payment limit (UPL) for each class of providers (State owned or operated, non-state government owned or operated, and privately owned or operated). Please provide a current (i.e., applicable to the current rate year) UPL demonstration.

LDH RESPONSE:

TN 23-0031 proposes to revise inpatient hospital payments for services provided to Louisiana Medicaid beneficiaries by out-of-state hospitals. As disclosed in the detailed description of the methodology used by Louisiana to estimate our UPL, payments for services paid to out-of-state hospitals are not included in the calculation of the UPL. Therefore, this proposed SPA will not impact the annual UPL demonstration that was submitted to CMS on the required template.

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5. Does any governmental provider receive payments that in the aggregate (normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced, other) exceed their reasonable costs of providing services? If payments exceed the cost of services, do you recoup the excess and return the Federal share of the excess to CMS on the quarterly expenditure report?

LDH RESPONSE:

In accordance with our approved State Plan, both Medicaid and DSH payments to state governmental hospitals are limited to costs. DSH payments to non-state public governmental hospitals are limited to costs, per our approved State Plan and Section 1923(g). Medicaid payments (including those in excess of Medicaid cost) must be deducted from costs in the determination of each hospital's specific DSH limit. The end result is a reconciliation of the Medicaid overpayments against the hospital's DSH limit which causes a corresponding decrease in the amount of DSH paid to the hospital. Only payments determined by audit to exceed allowable payments as defined in our approved State Plan are identified as overpayments.