

4.1.9.3 ☒ Services to Incarcerated Youth

Treatment of inmates of a public institution complies with sections 2102(d) and 2110(b)(7) of the Act, as follows:

- (1) The State does not terminate eligibility for any child enrolled in a separate CHIP solely because the child is an inmate of a public institution.
- (2) The State processes any application submitted by or on behalf of a child who is an inmate of a public institution and makes an eligibility determination for a separate CHIP.
- (3) The State elects to suspend CHIP coverage for the duration of a child's incarceration. The State will use a benefits suspension.
- (4) The State redetermines eligibility for any child prior to their release if it has been longer than 12 months since the child's last redetermination and restores separate CHIP coverage to eligible children upon their release.
- (5) Within 30 days prior to release (or within one week, or as soon as practicable, after release), the State provides children enrolled in a separate CHIP with any screenings, diagnostic services, and case management services otherwise available CHIP State Plan (or waiver of such plan).